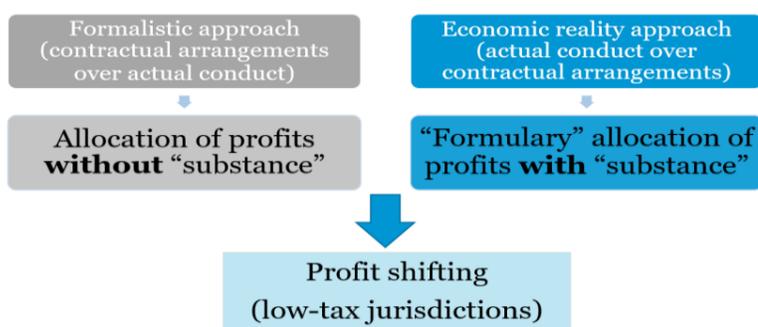


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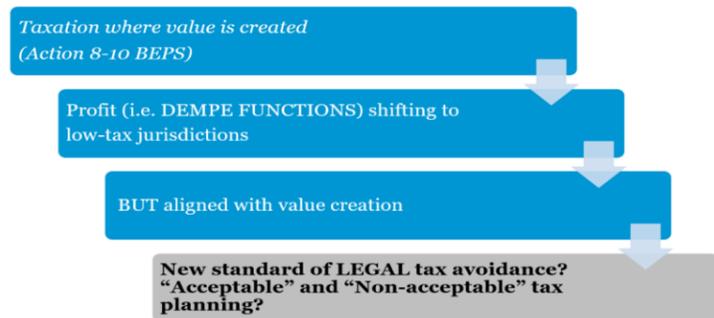
Rethinking the Arm's Length Principle in the Era of Value Creation. An Analysis of Intangibles Profit-Shifting Tax Planning Structures

1° Research question: Do changes to Chapter VI of the 2017 OECD Guidelines on intangibles, provides a substantive modification to the guidelines to the extent that the interpretation of the arm's length principle vis-à-vis value creation, i.e. alignment of taxing right where activities are performed, would prevent the profit of shifting to low-tax jurisdictions as expected by the OECD?

Where was (ex-ante BEPS), where is (ex-post BEPS) still the same problem?

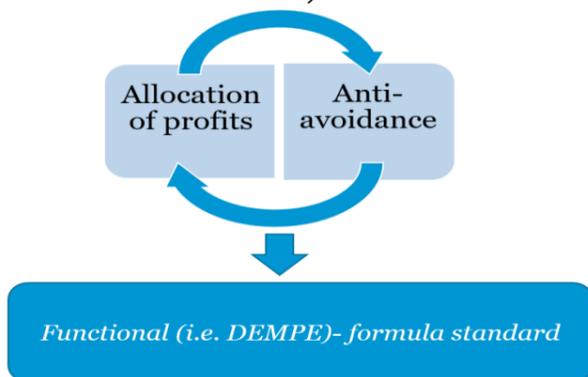


Value creation as a driver for shifting with "substance"

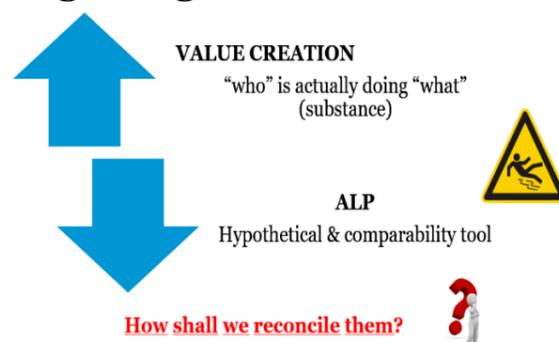


2° Research question: Should value creation be interpreted exclusively as a standard to allocate profits based on the fact that serves as a "new" functional (i.e. DEMPE)-formula-based standard? If so, how should the value creation standard be interpreted within the arm's length principle provided that its nature goes beyond comparability and hypothetical nature?

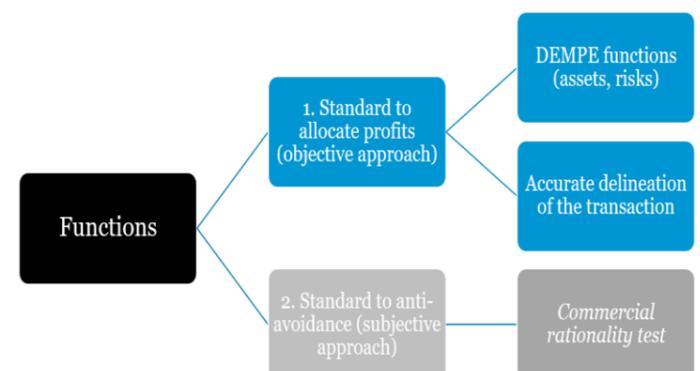
Value creation vis-à-vis "reality": two sides, same coin



The beginning of fall of the ALP?



ALP vis-à-vis functional-formula standard



VALUE CREATION goes beyond source, but where is it going?

- Seeks to determine where certain **income arises** but **beyond a legal concept** ("origin principle"? But what is "origin"?);
- Economic attributes** attract value creation (functions, people who perform functions and control/capacity to bear risks)
- A **functional concept** based in "reality" ("assignment of an economically right to tax")

3° Research question: Could / should value creation based on this functional (i.e. DEMPE) -formula-based standard serve as an anti-avoidance function to target tax avoidance disguised in apparently genuine structures (where there is alignment of allocation of profits with value-generating activities-with substance-) that in terms of how income is earned might not be commercially rational?

Value creation as subjective standard (commercial rationality standard):

✓ There is legal substance BUT it is not commercially "right" based on the location and manner of performance of business functions. Are DEMPE functions and factors (i.e. people) located in a "commercially rational" manner?

- Business sustainable with the people located in that jurisdiction?
- What are these people really doing?
- Are they really necessary for that function?
- Could that activity be performed somewhere else?

- By **what standard**?
- From **whose perspective** and according to **what underlying experience** and judgment is "commercial reality" to be determined?

- How should commercial rationality be reconciled between value creation and the nature of the ALP considering it is a **requirement to recognize** the transaction?
- (i) as to whether commercial rationality should be interpreted within the framework as if the **transaction would have been agreed** in a way that unrelated parties under comparable circumstances would have done? (NOT in line with value creation?)
- (ii) whether the **transaction itself** should be commercially rational irrespective of comparable economic circumstances? (in line with value creation?)